

THURSDAY, JUNE 1, 1775.

NEW-YORK OR, GENERAL

Containing the freshest ADVICES,

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY JOHN



JOURNAL; THE ADVERTISER.

both FOREIGN and DOMESTIC.

HOLT, NEAR THE COFFEE-HOUSE.

ASSAY OF BREAD, published the 3d April 1775.

Flour at 16/ per Cent.

A WHITE Loaf of Good Flour to weigh

1 lb. 13 oz. for 4 Coppers.

PRICE CURRENT, in NEW-YORK.

Wheat per Bushel 6/ 0/ 0/

Flour 15 0 0

Brown Bread 12 0 0

White Bread 12 0 0

New-England do. 12 0 0

West-India Rum 3 0 0

Chocol. per Doz. 12 0 0

Bees Wax 12 0 0

Single reed ditto 12 0 0

Indian Corn per Bush. 3 0 0

Wood 10 0 0

High-Water at New-York, and Sun's Rising and

Setting, till Thursday next.

High Water at New-York, and Sun's Rising and

Setting, till Thursday next.

High Water at New-York, and Sun's Rising and

Setting, till Thursday next.

High Water at New-York, and Sun's Rising and

Setting, till Thursday next.

High Water at New-York, and Sun's Rising and

Setting, till Thursday next.

High Water at New-York, and Sun's Rising and

Setting, till Thursday next.

High Water at New-York, and Sun's Rising and

Setting, till Thursday next.

High Water at New-York, and Sun's Rising and

Setting, till Thursday next.

High Water at New-York, and Sun's Rising and

Setting, till Thursday next.

High Water at New-York, and Sun's Rising and

Setting, till Thursday next.

High Water at New-York, and Sun's Rising and

Setting, till Thursday next.

High Water at New-York, and Sun's Rising and

Setting, till Thursday next.

High Water at New-York, and Sun's Rising and

Setting, till Thursday next.

High Water at New-York, and Sun's Rising and

Setting, till Thursday next.

High Water at New-York, and Sun's Rising and

Setting, till Thursday next.

High Water at New-York, and Sun's Rising and

Setting, till Thursday next.

High Water at New-York, and Sun's Rising and

Setting, till Thursday next.

High Water at New-York, and Sun's Rising and

Setting, till Thursday next.

High Water at New-York, and Sun's Rising and

Setting, till Thursday next.

High Water at New-York, and Sun's Rising and

Setting, till Thursday next.

High Water at New-York, and Sun's Rising and

Setting, till Thursday next.

High Water at New-York, and Sun's Rising and

Setting, till Thursday next.

High Water at New-York, and Sun's Rising and

Setting, till Thursday next.

High Water at New-York, and Sun's Rising and

Setting, till Thursday next.

High Water at New-York, and Sun's Rising and

Setting, till Thursday next.

High Water at New-York, and Sun's Rising and

Setting, till Thursday next.

High Water at New-York, and Sun's Rising and

Setting, till Thursday next.

High Water at New-York, and Sun's Rising and

Setting, till Thursday next.

High Water at New-York, and Sun's Rising and

Setting, till Thursday next.

High Water at New-York, and Sun's Rising and

Setting, till Thursday next.

High Water at New-York, and Sun's Rising and

Setting, till Thursday next.

High Water at New-York, and Sun's Rising and

Setting, till Thursday next.

TO BE SOLD.

By DENNIS McREARY,

TOBACCONIST.

At his SNUFF and TOBACCO STORE in Wall Street.

FINE Pigtail in square and round carots, com-

mon pigtail, fine plug hogtail. The very best

quality of leaf, made up in carots for gentlemen that

would chuse to rasp their own ropes. Cut tobacco

made up in any form that may answer the market

intended for, best. Scotch snuff in bottles and blad-

ders; rope snuff rasped or ground, in lead canisters.

Best inspected leaf tobacco, by the hoghead or tierce.

A choice parcel of copper, and purple indigo; and

a small parcel of good KICE.

90 93

Hanover-Square, New York.

JEREMIAH ANDREWS,

J. E. W. L. L. E. R.

CONTINUING his business still in the same

place, thinks it proper to acquaint shop keep-

ers and traders, who are under disadvantages by

reason of the non-importation, that he is willing

cheerfully to bear his part; therefore engages to

make every article for such, pertaining to his

branch, as cheap as they could be imported from

London, and material's good. He returns thanks

to his customers for their past, and hopes a con-

tinuance of their future favours, which he will al-

ways gratefully acknowledge. Also informs them

and the public, that he hath a great variety of

patterns of the newest fashions, which he received

from London since his last advertisement.

90 93

New-York, May 23, 1775.

LAST night run away from the subscriber, living in

New-York, a certain English servant man, named

WILLIAM EDWARDS, about 20 years of age,

and was imported by Captain Adair, from London,

about 8 weeks ago; he is of a middle size, about 5

feet 5 or 6 inches high, black hair, and blue eyes, and a

fair smooth complexion; he is a tolerable good English

scholar, and writes a fair intelligible hand: Had on

when he absconded, a light coloured cloth jacket, and a

flannel under jacket, a half worn beaver hat, a check

shirt, Ozanburgh trousers, black worked stockings, black

hoose buckles; he also took with him two pair of blue

breeches, one of cloth, and the other of fustian, and

an old checked shirt; he is remarkable for his affability

and polite manner of talking to strangers. Whoever

secures the said runaway in any of his Majesty's jails

in this province, shall have a reward of Two Dollars;

and if taken out of this province, a reward of Three

Dollars, on delivering him up.

90 93

JOHN DEPESTER.

To be SOLD,

TWO likely Negro men,

between 25 and 30 years of age, they have

had the small pox, and sold for no fault, but for

want of employ. Inquire of the Printer.

90 93

To be sold, or hired out by the month, or year,

A YOUNG able bodied Ne-

gro man, has had the small pox and measles;

he is capable either town or country work — or

will suit an Albany skipper. Inquire of John W.

Smith, in King Street.

90 93

New-York, Johnstown, Genl, 18th May, 1775.

NOTICE is hereby given, to all the creditors of me

the subscriber, now in the jail of the county of

Troy, what I intend to petition the next General As-

sembly of this colony, to pay an all for my relief, as an

insolvent debtor.

90 93

JOHANNES FLIPSE.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN-AWAY from the subscriber living in Mor-

ris County East New-Jersey, a servant man

bought last December, for a new comer into

the country, by the name of Isaac Jones, but

NEW-YORK, June 1.

The Synod of New-York and Philadel-

phia, at their late Meeting in this City, ap-

pointed the last Thursday in June to be ob-

served by all the Congregations under their

Care, as a Day of Fasting and Prayer, on

Account of the alarming State of our pub-

lic Affairs. Should the Continental Con-

gress appoint a Fast, the Synod have direct-

ed that to be observed in Preference to the

Day appointed by themselves: provided it is

not more than four Weeks distant from the

last Thursday of June; — if at a greater dis-

tance, they have ordered both Days to be

kept.

They also recommend to all the Congre-

gations in their Charge, to spend the Alter-

noon of the last Thursday in every Month

in public Prayer, during the Continuance

of our present Troubles.

On Monday Evening last was married by the

Rev. Mr. Bloomer, Capt. Joseph Reade De Pey-

ser, Son of Mr. James De Peyser of this City,

Merchant, to the amiable Miss Nancy Betts, at the

Seat of her Father, Thomas Betts, Esq; in Kings

County, on Long Island.

Last Monday our Provincial Congress

met here and elected

Peter V. Burgh Livingston, Esq; President.

Volkert P. Douw, Esq; Vice President.

John M. Keffau, Esq; Secretary.

Robert Benson, Esq; Secretary.

Thomas Pettit Door Keeper and Messenger.

The following are the names of all the

Members.

City and County of NEW-YORK.

Peter V. B. Livingston, Esq; Mr. Richard Yates,

Mr. John Low, Mr. David G. G. G.

Mr. Alexander M'Diugall, Thomas Smith, Esq;

Col. Leonard Ligonier, Benjamin Kiffin, Esq;

John Joseph Haller, John Morin Scott, Esq;

Mr. Abraham Walton, John Van Cortlandt, Esq;

Mr. Abraham Broome, Mr. Jacobus Van Zand,

Mr. Isaac Roosevelt, Mr. John Morison,

Mr. John De Laney, Mr. George Folger,

Mr. James Beekman, Mr. Walter Franklin,

Mr. Samuel Verplanck,

City and County of ALBANY.

Volkert P. Douw, Esq; Walter Livingston, Esq;

Robert Yates, Esq; Col. Robert Van Rensselaer,

Abraham Yates, Esq; Capt. Henry G. G.

John G. G. G. Esq; Col. Abraham T. Broome,

John G. G. G. Esq; Major Francis Nicoll,

John G. G. G. Esq;

City and County of WESTCHESTER.

Col. Dirk Brinckerhoff, Gilbert Livingston, Esq;

Col. Anthony H. H. H. Esq; Thomas London, Esq;

Col. Zephaniah Platt, Mr. Gilbert Schenck,

Richard Montgomery, Esq; Mr. Melancthon Smith,

Abraham Yates, Esq; Mr. Nathaniel Sackett,

City and County of SUFFOLK.

Col. John H. H. H. Esq; Mr. Christopher Tappan,

Col. James Clinton, John Nicholson, Esq;

John G. G. G. Esq; Jacob H. H. H.

City and County of RICHMOND.

Col. Nathaniel Woodhall, Ezra L. H. H. Esq;

John G. G. G. Esq; Thomas Witham, Esq;

John G. G. G. Esq; James H. H. Esq;

John G. G. G. Esq; John H. H. Esq;

John G. G. G. Esq; John H. H. Esq;

John G. G. G. Esq; John H. H. Esq;

John G. G. G. Esq; John H. H. Esq;

John G. G. G. Esq; John H. H. Esq;

John G. G. G. Esq; John H. H. Esq;

John G. G. G. Esq; John H. H. Esq;

John G. G. G. Esq; John H. H. Esq;

John G. G. G. Esq; John H. H. Esq;

John G. G. G. Esq; John H. H. Esq;

John G. G. G. Esq; John H. H. Esq;

John G. G. G. Esq; John H. H. Esq;

same, do Resolve, that it be recommended

to the gentlemen traders of this town, that

they stop all Exportations to the said places,

and also to our Constituents in general;

that they do not supply any person whatso-

ever, with any kind of Exports, which they

have reason to believe, are designed for

either of those places, nor any of the King's

Ships or Boats with Provisions clandestine-

ly; nor in any manner whatsoever that may

counteract any Resolutions that have been

made by the Committee of New York.

By Order of the Committee,

LEWIS OGDEN, Chairman.

CAMBRIDGE, May 12.

The following is taken from a manuscript

account of the fire that happened in Bes-

ton last Wednesday night.

"The fire began in the Barracks, under

the arch formerly improved by Benjamin

Davis, about half after eight o'clock, 17th

May. — The soldiers were receiving some

cartridges, by which means one took fire,

and communicated to many more, which

immediately set fire to the room. — The

following is a list of stores burnt, with the

owner's names prefixed.

John Hancock, 1 store, and shed; Tho-

mas Fayerweather, 1 store; Benjamin An-

drews, 2 ditto; Edward Gray, 1 ditto;

Joseph Barrel, 1 ditto; John Head, 1 ditto;

John Williams, 1 ditto, with 50 barrels of

flour, donation; Heydon, and Co. 1 ditto;

Andrew Black, 1 ditto; Nathaniel Carey, 1

ditto, and shed; Alexander Hill, 1 ditto, and

shed; James Ruffel, Impost-Office; John So-

ley, 1 store, John Sweetser, 1 ditto; 3 ditto at

the town dock; — 6

LONDON, April 1.

THIS day's Gazette contains a Proclamation of the State's General of the United Provinces, prohibiting the exportation of warlike stores from Holland, in English, foreign, or Dutch ships, to the British Plantations in America, for six months.

Yesterday at one o'clock, Mr. Lane, Mr. Mollen, and Mr. Bridgen, from the Committee of North-American Merchants, waited on his Majesty at St. James's, and presented the petition of the Merchants of the city of London, trading to North America; which his Majesty received very graciously. [With an intire disregard.]

In the Lower Assembly on Monday night a motion was made for a bill to suspend the Boston Port-Act for three years; also for a bill to suspend the act for the administration of justice in Massachusetts Bay for two years, which motions passed in the negative without a division.

A motion was also made for leave to bring in a bill to suspend the Act for regulating the government of Massachusetts Bay for three years. Passed in the negative.

A motion was likewise made, that a humble address be presented to his Majesty, that he will be graciously pleased to give orders that letters of requisition be written to the several provinces of America, to make provision for the defence and protection of the said colonies, &c. and that his Majesty will be pleased to order all such addresses as he shall receive in answer to such requisitions to be laid before the house. — Passed in the negative. — [These negatives highly please the Colonies.]

March 21. This morning the news arrived here of Prince Stuart's intention of visiting Paris. Lord Stormont, it is said, had immediate instructions to conduct himself in such a manner, as not to give the Court of France the least reason to suppose, that England considered the encouragement they gave to that visitor, as a slight, offered to her.

Letters from Mexico advise, that a King's frigate was just arrived from a voyage for discovering the American coast; in 55 deg. 43 minutes, they were visited by many fair white Indians, (in 30 canoes,) who seemed friendly, and showed no signs of fear. A gale springing up and night approaching, obliged the Captain to leave them.

There are large policies now going at New Lloyd's Coffee House, for very large sums, upon goods shipped in the Charming Nancy, Capt. Deverton, one of the transports for America.

NEW-YORK, June 1.

The following account is given by a Gentleman of veracity, lately arrived from Bolton.

On about the 25th instant, General Gage ordered 100 soldiers, armed to proceed in two boats, with (twelve) to Cape Island, near Weymouth beach, to take possession of some hay and cattle. The country being alarmed, 3 or 400 provincials collected, and having only one boat, which contained 40 men. They landed on said island, and drove off the regulars, who being much disconcerted, ran their boats on the shoal, where they remained four hours, all which time the provincials continued their fire, the boats then floating, the regulars returned to Bolton, with the loss of eight men killed and several wounded, as the provincials were informed by a gentleman that left Bolton the next day. The provincials being masters of the island, burnt 100 tons of hay, and drove off all the cattle, which were collected there by an enemy to this country. None of the provincials were killed, or wounded.

[The following is General Gage's account of the Battle, sent by him to the several Governors on the Continent; and answered to in the answer, to Governor Trumbull's Letter, published in our last.]

A circumstantial Account of an attack that happened on the 19th of April, 1775, on his Majesty's Troops, by a number of the People of the Province of Massachusetts-Bay.

On Tuesday the 18th of April, about half past ten at night, Lieutenant Colonel Smith, of the 10th Regiment, embarked from the common at Bolton, with the Grenadiers and Light Infantry of the troops there, and landed on the opposite side, from whence he began his march towards Concord, where he was ordered to destroy a magazine of military stores, deposited there for the use of the army to be assembled, in order to act against his Majesty, and his government. (a) The Colonel called his Officers together, and gave orders, that the Troops should not fire, unless fired upon; (b) and after marching a few miles, detached six companies of Light Infantry, under the command of Major Pitcairn, to take possession of two bridges on the other side of Concord. (c) Soon after they heard many signals guns, and the ringing of alarm bells repeated; which convinced them that the country was rising to oppose them, and that it was a preconcerted scheme to oppose the King's Troops, whenever there should be a favourable opportunity for it. (d) About three o'clock the next morning, the Troops being advanced within two miles of Lexington, intelligence was received, that five hundred men in (e) arms, were assembled, and determined to oppose the King's Troops; and

At this time the advanced Light companies loaded, but the Grenadiers were not loaded when they received the first fire.

on Major Pitcairn's galloping up to the head of the advanced Companies, two Officers informed him, (f) that a Man advanced from those that were assembled, had presented his musket and attempted to shoot them, but the piece flamed in the pan; (g) On this the Major gave directions to the Troops to move forward; but on no account to fire, nor even to attempt it without orders. (h) When they arrived at the end of the village, they observed about 200 (i) armed men, drawn up on a green, and when the troops came within a hundred yards of them, they began to fire off towards some stone walls, on their right flank: The Light Infantry observing this, ran after them; the Major instantly called to the Soldiers not to fire, but surround and disarm them: some of them who had jumped over a wall, then fired four or five shot at the Troops, wounded a man of the 10th Regiment, and the Major's horse in two places, and at the same time several shots were fired from a Meeting-House on the left: (k) Upon this, without any order or regularity, the Light Infantry began a scattered fire, and killed several of the country people; (l) but were silenced as soon as the authority of their Officers could make them. (m)

After this, Colonel Smith marched up with the remainder of the detachment, and the whole body proceeded to Concord, where they arrived about 9 o'clock, without any thing further happening; but vast numbers of armed people were seen assembling on all the heights: while Colonel Smith with the Grenadiers, and part of the light Infantry remained at Concord, to search for cannon, &c. there; he detached Capt. Parson with six light companies to secure a bridge at some distance from Concord, and to proceed from thence to certain houses, where it was supposed there were cannon, and ammunition. (n) Captain Parson in pursuance of these orders, posted three companies at the bridge, and on some heights near it, under the command of Capt. Laurie of the 43d Regiment; and with the remainder went and destroyed some cannon wheels, powder, and ball; the people still continued increasing on the heights, and in about an hour after, a large body of them began to move towards the bridge. (o) The light companies of the 4th and 10th then defended, and joined Capt. Laurie, the people continued to advance in great numbers; and fired upon the King's troops, killed three men, wounded four officers, one sergeant, and four private men, upon which (after returning the fire) Capt. Laurie and his officers, thought it prudent to retreat towards the main body at Concord, and were soon joined by two companies of Grenadiers; when Capt. Parson returned with the three companies over the bridge, they observed three soldiers on the ground, one of them feigned, his head much mangled, and his ears cut off, though not quite dead; a sight which struck the soldiers with horror; (p) Capt. Parson marched on and joined the main body, who were only waiting for his coming up, to march back to Bolton; Col. Smith had executed his orders, without opposition, by destroying all the military stores he could find; (q) both the Colonel, and Major Pitcairn, having taken all possible pains to convince the inhabitants that no injury was intended them; (r) and that if they opened their doors when required, to search for said stores, not the slightest mischief should be done; (s) neither had any of the people the least occasion to complain, but they were sulky. (t) and one of them even struck Major Pitcairn.

Except upon Capt. Laurie, at the bridge, no hostilities happened from the affair at Lexington, until the troops began their march back. (u) As soon as the troops had got out of the town of Concord, they received a heavy fire from all sides, from walls, fences, houses, trees, barns, &c. (x) which continued without intermission, till they met the first brigade; with two field pieces near Lexington; ordered out under the command of Lord Percy to support them; (y) (advice having been received about 7 o'clock next morning, that signals had been made, and express gone out to alarm the country, and that the people were rising to attack the troops under Col. Smith.) Upon the firing of the field pieces, the people's fire was for a while silenced, but as they still continued to increase greatly in numbers, (z) they fired again as before, from all places where they could find cover, upon the whole body, and continued so doing for the space of fifteen minutes: — Notwithstanding their numbers they did not attack openly, during the whole day, but kept under cover on all occasions. (aa) The troops were very much fatigued, the greater part of them having been under arms all night, and made a march of upwards of forty miles before they arrived at Charlestown, from whence they were ferried over to Bolton. (bb)

The troops had about fifty killed, and many more wounded: reports are various about the loss sustained by the country people.

Notwithstanding the fire from the meeting house, Colonel Smith and Major Pitcairn, with the Grenadiers, kept the soldiers from forcing into the meeting house, and putting all to fire.

ple, some make it very considerable, others not so much. (cc)

Thus this unfortunate affair has happened through the rashness and imprudence of a few people, who began firing on the troops at Lexington. [Remarks upon this very curious account, which are left out for want of room, to be in our next.]

WORCESTER, May 17.

A great number of that arch-traitor Murchinson's Letters have lately fallen into the hands of our people; by them is discovered the diabolical plans that have been laid to enslave this country; and flew to the world what an insatiable slave he has been to his Masters the Ministry, and their Grand Master the DEVIL. These letters will, undoubtedly, be soon made public: A correspondent, at Roxbury, has favoured us with the following extract from one of them, to Gen. Gage, then at New York, dated at Bolton, July 20, 1770, viz. — "It appears to me to be matter of Great Importance to his Majesty's general service, and to the real interest of the colonies, that the DISCORD beginning between New York and us should be encouraged: I wrote some time ago to Mr. Colden upon this subject, but he rather declined concerning himself in it; he certainly has a strange aversion which nothing but the confederacy against Great Britain could have conquered; this has too much the appearance of Machiavellian policy, but it is justifiable, as it has the most obvious tendency to save the colonies ruining themselves, as well as preventing their distressing the mother country. If Pennsylvania could be brought to take part with New-York, I think the business would be done. I must beg the favour of you not to suffer this letter to come under any other than your own observation."

The General Assembly of Connecticut have resolved, "That an embargo be laid upon the exportations out of that colony, by water, of wheat, rye, Indian corn, pork, beef, live cattle, peas, beans, bread, flour, and every kind of meal; to continue to the 25th day of May instant. Governor Trumbull has issued a proclamation, notifying the same.

As the present Provincial Congress will soon be dissolved, the inhabitants of this colony have been notified to choose Delegates to meet in Congress, at Watertown, on the 31st instant.

NEW-JERSEY.

A Meeting of the General Committee of Association, held at Newark the eighteenth day of May 1775.

The following instructions to Isaac Ogden and Philip Van Cortlandt, Esqrs. Messrs Bethuel Pierion and Caleb Camp, the Deputies elected to represent said town in Provincial Congress, were unanimously agreed on.

Gentlemen,

The great, the important Crisis, which will determine the fate of America, seems hardly approaching: — a Crisis, in which not only you, the loved wives of your bosoms, the infants of your tenderest solicitude, but millions of your posterity yet unborn, and every thing that is near and dear to you, worthy your wish or meriting your care, are deeply interested: — a Crisis, which will decide whether this continent shall be governed by the unlimited will of a Senate in which it has no voice; by a power without the right, over which it can have no influence or control; whether it shall be forever bound in wretched, relentless chains of slavery; or whether the glorious sun of Constitutional Liberty shall still enlighten this horizon, and permanently shine, unclouded with the tainted breath of Despotism.

To you, gentlemen, is Deputed, by the inhabitants of this town, one of the most important trusts in their power; which nothing less than tyrant necessity could have urged them to grant, or you to accept: — a necessity, which with hearts glowing with affection, overflowing with loyalty to our sovereign, we unfeignedly lament.

We need not, we mean not, gentlemen, to wish you additional firmness in the common cause; your being chosen to this trust, sufficiently approves your principles and steady regard to the duties, the great interests of your Delegation; nor need we advise that you carry with you that spirit of harmony, that firmness with moderation, which we are happy to lay animates this part of the province; and as we have the pleasure and reason to expect that the interests of the general weal on constitutional ground, will be the constant line of your conduct, that you will keep this Goal steadily in view; so we do not wish to bind you with an embarrassing chain of restrictions: — Much less do we presume to dictate measures to the Provincial Congress; but shall only lay before you some outlines of a plan, which we desire you to propose to the wisdom of that convention.

Money has been aptly called the sinews of war; so may it also, the Arima that enlivens, that braves, and gives firmness to the nerves of our constitution. In the alarming exigency rising before us, there will probably be occasion for a public fund; and we

could wish, as the whole province is equally interested, that the burthen should be equally equal. We conceive, when the necessary sum is fixed by the Congress, that the present Quota bill, by which the proportion of taxes in the several counties, for support of government, &c. has been ascertained, will be a just scale to regulate the present occasion; and perhaps the assessors and collectors in the several townships, may in general, be proper persons to conduct the like business; leaving it in the option of such towns as may incline, to make a special choice of new officers for this purpose.

We consider it advisable, That a certain number of men be immediately raised, disciplined, well accounted with arms and ammunition, and prepared in every respect for an instant service.

That as men who go volunteers, will be most likely to be hearty in the service, and the disagreeable measure of drafting from the militia, may thereby be prevented; a Roll be opened in every town where it can be, advantageously, for the enlistment of volunteers, to be prepared as above-mentioned, for every emergency. — That the Congress appoint the commandant and all the field officers, and that the general Committees of those towns, where any Company or Companies shall be raised, have the appointment of the captains and subalterns. — That one or more proper persons, be empowered by the Congress to sign, and affix a proper seal to the commissions, agreeable to such appointment. — That the volunteers, on their enlistment, subscribe certain articles, to oblige themselves under certain penalties, (to be ascertained by the Congress, similar to the Mutiny bill, if thought proper) to be obedient to their officers and to prevent desertion. — That proper persons be appointed for a Treasurer of said fund, and for a Paymaster General; giving the necessary security, &c. — That the pay for the officers and men, be fixed by the Congress; and that the said volunteers, from the day of their enlistment be in discipline, at least so much time as may amount to one day in a week; and also such further time, not exceeding days in the whole per week, as shall be judged expedient by the said General Committee. — That sufficient arms and ammunition, for such volunteers as are unable to furnish themselves therewith, and provisions for emergent occasions, be provided; and that every volunteer entrusted with the arms, &c. belonging to the province, be obligated to return them to the commanding officer when called for, except such as may be lost in the service, &c. — That magazines of powder and other necessary military stores, be formed in such parts of the province, as shall be judged most advantageous for emergencies. — That commissioners be appointed to direct and regulate any contingent business which cannot be ascertained with precision by the Congress. — That mulder masters be appointed to review the companies, and to take care that none but able bodied men be continued on the Rolls; nor any apprentice, or servant, enlisted without his master's consent in writing. — That a proper number of field pieces be provided, and one or more Artillery companies raised and disciplined. — As exigencies may happen, which may require a greater force than the number of volunteers to be raised as aforesaid. — That the Congress recommend it to the Militia Captains throughout the province, to procure such persons as are capable of teaching military discipline, to be paid out of the public fund; and that their men be exercised at least times per week. — That it be recommended by the Congress to the several towns or counties throughout the province, who have not already done it, to appoint General Committees, to enter into, and subscribe an Association of similar import to that adopted by this county.

We are, Gentlemen,
Your Humble Servants,
By Order of the Committee,
LEWIS OGDEN, Chairman.

In a few Days will be Published, by
JOHN ANDERSON,
At Beckman's Slip, Price Six pence.

G R O U P,
A F A R C E:
As lately Acted, and to be Re-acted, to the Wonder of all Superior Intelligence.

N I G H T head quarters, at Amphrysus. In two acts. Dramatis Personæ. Lord chief Justice Hamlet. Judge Meagre. Brigadier Haterall. Humbug. Esq. Sir Sparrow Spendall. Col. Meete. Muffroom. Beau Trumps. Dick, the Publican. Simple sapling. Esq. Monsieur de France. Cuffy Crowbar. Esq. Dupe. Secretary of State. Scribble. Fiddle. Commodore Barreau. Collateral: a new made judge. Attended by a swarm of comic sycophants, hungry harpies, and unprincipled dandies, collected from the neighbouring villages, hovering over the stage in the shape of locusts, led by the Massachusetts in the form of a ballad; the rear brought up by Proteus, bearing a torch to one hand and a powder-buff in the other: The whole supported by a mighty army and navy, from Blunderland, for the laudable purpose of entering in best friends.

SCENE AT BOSTON.

PHIL.

IN CON.

Upon Mat.

Murray and

referred to

speck to the

taken into

time spent th

Resolved,

been or shall

to have viola

and such offi

tion of the

or shall be c

the Parish of

Georgia, if t

of his contri

resolution to

the future, t

tee of the l

may settle the

referred to the

public and th

A true C

CHAR

Committee

Resolved, T

has very full

Committee te

in the Schoom

doubts respect

foundland, and

Committee as

PHILADELPHIA, May 29.
IN CONGRESS, May 27, 1775.

Upon Motion, The Memorial of Robert Murray and John Murray, "Desiring to be restored to their former situation with respect to their commercial privileges," was taken into consideration, and after some time spent thereon,

Resolved, That where any person hath been or shall be adjudged by a Committee to have violated the Continental Association, and such offender shall satisfy the Convention of the Colony, where the offence was or shall be committed, or the Committee of the Parish of St. John's in the Colony of Georgia, if the offence be committed there, of his contrition for his offence, and sincere resolution to conform to the Association for the future, the said Convention or Committee of the Parish of St. John's aforesaid, may settle the terms upon which he may be restored to the favour and forgiveness of the public and that the terms be published.

A true copy from the Minutes,
CHARLES THOMSON, Secretary.
Committee Chamber, May 27, 1775.

Resolved, That Mr. George Robertson has very fully and candidly satisfied this Committee touching his intended voyage in the Schooner Polly, fully removing any doubts respecting his being bound to New Foundland, and has approved himself to this Committee as a friend to the public cause.

J. B. SMITH.

NEW-YORK, May 29.

The Sloop Gilbert and John, Capt. Jagger, belonging to the United Whaling Company of this Place, arrived here last Thursday with about 350 Barrels of Oil.

Friday Morning last, his Majesty's Ship the Asia, George Vandeput, Esq; Commander, arrived here from Bolton, after a Passage of 16 Days.

When this Ship left Bolton, no Transports nor Troops had then arrived there either from England or Ireland; but two Days after Capt. Vandeput, came out, he fell in with 6 Transports from England, with Troops, &c. on board.

Saturday Morning last, an Express arrived here from Ticonderoga, in 8 Days: By him we learn, That Major Arnold dispatched Mr. Oswald, and 3 Men, in a Schooner and some Battoes, to take Possession of a Sloop that lay at St. John's; at the same Time Capt. Ethan Allen set out with 80 Men to facilitate the Undertaking, and Roped on the Way for a Reinforcement of 20 more; but Mr. Oswald pursued his Scheme, and took Possession of the Vessel that lay at St. John's, with all the Battoes, and made 14 Soldiers and 6 Seamen Prisoners of War, before Capt. Allen came up; but the latter contrary to Advice, proceeded to St. John's, where he unfortunately fell in with 350 Regulars that were dispatched to the Succour of Crown-Point and Ticonderoga, and after exchanging a few Shots, made a good Retreat with the Loss of 3 Men only.

An Ensign belonging to one of the Regiments in Canada, dispatched from Governor Carlton, to General Gage, was taken Prisoner at one of the Ports: His Dispatches contained a Return of the Regulars in Canada, which amounted to no more than 700, including those that garrisoned the Forts at Crown Point and Ticonderoga.

Major General Wooster, an experienced Officer, was to march from New Haven for Greenwich, within about 12 Miles of this Province, with 2500 Men, last Friday; there to encamp during the Summer Season, in Order to be at Hand to support the City of New York, in Case their Assistance should be wanted.

Last Wednesday the Hon. Peyton Randolph, Esq; set off from Philadelphia for Virginia, to attend his Place as Speaker of the House of Burgesses of that Province; when the Hon. John Hancock, Esq; was appointed President of the Continental Congress in his Room.

By the Packet, arrived last night from Falmouth, we have received London papers to the 5th of April. But they are altogether filled with the most trifling incidents, scarce worth notice, while matters of the utmost importance to the nation, remain in suspense.

It is reported that the forces destined for Bolton, New York, &c. will not be sent off before the 8th of June, in expectation of the good effects of Lord North's conciliating plan.—What insatiation! to imagine such a scheme would be productive of anything but disgust and contempt!

From S. Carolina, we hear they are about to raise a naval force, in defence of our common rights.

Extract of a letter from Philadelphia, dated May 25, 1775.

"By a letter from Montreal, of the 8th instant, to a gentleman in this City, we are informed, that in the night preceding the 1st instant, his Majesty's Buft, erected there soon after the late fire, had its face blackened, a Crucifix was hung round its neck, and a label was affixed to it with this inscription,

The Pope of Canada and the Fool of England. The writer adds, that this made a very great noise in Montreal, where all was running into disorder and confusion, on account of the late acts respecting them."

Since our last, our Provincial Congress voted, that all the Ministers in this City, who can pray in English, should be invited to open their Meetings each morning with Prayers. In consequence of this vote, the Clergy settled their arrangement according to Seniority, and began to comply with the invitation last Friday, when a Prayer, very suitable to the occasion, was made by the Revd. Dr. Achenmity, who happened to be the eldest Minister.

The following is an Extract of a letter from Whitehaven to a gentleman in Virginia, dated January 11, 1775.

"There is a vessel called the Peggy, captain Shepherd, put in here, bound from Liverpool to New York, loaded with coals, 199 crates, 4 puncheons of goods, and 4 bales of sail cloth, but nobody knows what sort of goods; the captain says crockery and hard ware; and I understand there are two more of the same sort. Pray what will the people in the two Carolinas, Virginia, and Maryland, say to those faithful brethren to the northward? Pray put this into all the papers, that the people's eyes may be opened. She arrived in Whitehaven on Sunday the 8th inst. (January) after parting an anchor and cable in Ramfay Bay, where they chose, at this dismal season, to ride, rather than come in here, lest a discovery should be made. This vessel is said to belong to New York; she is a small sloop, with a woman's figure head."

Capt. Shepherd informs, that the cargo was taken on board in the month of November, and that he sailed the 30th December, but meeting with hard gales of wind, was obliged to put into Whitehaven, where he lay ten days: That three weeks after his departure from that port, they lost their main-mast and trifail mast, and their boats from the deck, and were obliged to put into Youghhall, in Ireland, to rest, where they continued until the 5th of April, when they departed from that port for New York, where they arrived the 28th of May.

Application having been made to the Committee for necessities, in order to enable them to return, a Sub-Committee was appointed to attend the vessel, under whose inspection they were furnished with what articles were wanted; which being completed, she will return, wind and weather permitting this day. The Committee appointed a guard of two men, to be on board every night, to prevent any attempt to land any part of the cargo.—And the following deposition was made by the smaller.

On the 31st day of May, 1775, personally appeared before me David Matthews, Esq; Alderman, of the East-Ward, in the city of New-York, Matthias Shepherd, Commander of the sloop Patty, who being duly sworn on the holy evangelist of almighty God, deposed and said, that he will embrace the first opportunity of wind and weather, and depart with his said vessel from this port of New-York; that he has not landed any part of the cargo imposed in the vessel, in this province, and that he will not make any attempt to do it; nor shall any other persons, by, or with his consent, or permission. And farther said not.

Matthias Shepherd.

Sworn this 31st day of May, 1775, before me David Matthews.

At a meeting of the major part of the Committee of Correspondence and Observation, for the precinct of Newburgh, met agreeable to adjournment, at the house of Martin Wyganb, on Monday the 15th of May, 1775.

WOLVER ECKER, was chosen Chairman.
Cornelius Hasbrouck, Clerk.

THIS Committee taking into consideration the present most alarming situation of our public affairs, occasioned by the bloody measures of a wicked Ministry, and considering the great utility of a general association being fully signed by every male person, from the age of 16 and upwards, in this province: And whereas we have reason to lament, that a number of persons in this precinct, are so lost to the preservation of themselves and their country, that they refuse, or neglect to sign the Association with the rest of their neighbours, fellow sufferers, and countrymen in this precinct.

Resolved, I. That this Committee in their several districts, as they, or the major part of them, shall agree respectively, be, and are hereby appointed to wait on such person, or persons, who have neglected, and refused to sign the said Association, and in the most friendly manner to invite them to sign the same.

Resolved, II. That in case any person, or persons, being males, and of the age aforesaid, shall refuse to sign the same; or does not come in and sign the same, on or before the 29th of this instant, he or they shall, and are hereby deemed enemies to their country.

Resolved, III. That any person, or persons refusing as aforesaid, that it is the opinion of this Committee, that no person, or persons whatsoever, shall have any kind of connections, or dealings with such person, or persons whatsoever: And that whatsoever shall have any such connection, ought to be treated in like manner, and be considered as an enemy to his country, notwithstanding he, or they may have signed the association.

Resolved, IV. And we do recommend it to all our neighbouring and adjacent towns, precincts, counties and provinces, that they will, in like manner treat such persons as aforesaid.

Resolved, V. That the names of such person, or persons, who shall refuse, as aforesaid, shall be made public in the news papers.

Resolved, VI. That any person, or persons owning negroes in this precinct, shall not, on any account whatever, suffer his, or their negro, or negroes, to be absent from his dwelling house, or farm, after sun down, or send them out in the day time, off their farms, without a pass; and in case any negroes shall be found absent, contrary to the above resolve, (except it be in return with his, or their masters team) shall be apprehended by any person, or persons whatsoever, and brought forthwith before any two, or more of this Committee, who shall cause them to receive 35 lashes, or any number less, as the said Committee shall judge proper.

Resolved, VII. That the above resolves of the Committee shall be subject to the control of the Provincial and Continental Congresses, to their approbation and disapprobation.

Resolved, VIII. That we will truly adhere and obey whatever resolutions the Continental and Provincial Congresses, or either of them shall resolve and direct, with respect to this precinct, or other matters which are to be observed in general, until such times as his Majesty, and his Lords and Commons shall repeal and disannul all their present tyrannical acts and measures, and again restore us to our former liberties and privileges, which by law and nature we are entitled to, as natural born subjects.

By order of the Committee,

WOLVER ECKER.

A true copy, by

CORNELIUS HASBROUCK, Clerk.

On Tuesday last, being the first anniversary of the New York United Whaling Company,

The following were elected by ballot,

Philip Livingston, Esq. President.

Charles M'Ever, Esq. Treasurer.

Capt. William Myer,

Capt. Patrick Dennis,

Capt. Peter Burton,

Mr. Isaac Stoutenburgh,

Mr. Anthony Van Dam.

JOSEPH ALLICOCKE, Secretary.

It is with the greatest regret that the printer is obliged every week for want of room to leave out several valuable pieces, well deserving the public attention, but if the authors of these pieces would by agreeing to pay for them, enable the printer to publish every week a half sheet extraordinary, besides his usual quantity, he would then be enabled to publish most of the pieces that are sent him, as he would appropriate the half sheet entirely to that purpose.

IN PROVINCIAL CONGRESS,

New-York, May 29, 1775.

RESOLVED, That it be recommended, and it is hereby accordingly recommended to all the counties in this colony, (who have not already done so) to appoint county Committees, and also Sub-Committees, for their respective Townships, Precincts, and Districts, without delay, in order to carry into execution the Resolutions of the Continental Congress, and this Provincial Congress:—And that it be also recommended to every inhabitant of this Colony, who has hitherto neglected to subscribe the General Association, to do it with all convenient speed. And for these purposes, that the Committees in the respective Counties, in which Committees have been formed, do render the said Association to every inhabitant within the several districts in each county; and that such persons in those counties, or districts, who have not appointed Committees, as shall be appointed by the members of this Congress, respecting such counties and districts respectively, do make such application as aforesaid, in such counties and districts respectively. And that the said Committees and persons respectively, do return the said Association and the names of those who shall neglect, or refuse to sign the same, to this Congress, by the 15th day of July next, or sooner, if possible.

A true copy from the minutes,

ROBERT BENSON, Secretary.

IN PROVINCIAL CONGRESS,

New-York, May 31, 1775.

RESOLVED, That it be recommended to the inhabitants of this Colony in general, immediately to furnish themselves with necessary arms and ammunition, to use all diligence to perfect themselves in the military art; and if necessary to form themselves into companies for that purpose, until the further order of this Congress.

A true copy from the minutes,

ROBERT BENSON, Secretary.

To be SOLD,

A BILL of Exchange, for Sixteen Pounds Sterling, payable in London.—For particulars, inquire of the Printer.

FRANCIS AND CAMPBELL,

HAVE opened the large commodious house lately occupied by Edward Bardin, the corner of Warren-Street, in the road to the Water Works, for the accommodation of those Ladies and Gentlemen whose favours they may have the pleasure to receive; and for their agreeable reception, coffee, hot rolls, meat, cakes, and every other genteel entertainment is provided, whether for large or small companies: The long room and oil & apartments now fitted in the neatest manner, and that respectful attendance which they flatter themselves will give satisfaction.

N. B. The Queen's Head Tavern, near the Exchange, kept by said Francis and Campbell, as usual.

A Constitutional
POST-OFFICE,

Is now kept, at J. Holt's Printing Office, in Water-Street, near the Coffee House, New-York.

WHERE Letters are received in, and carefully dispatched by Riders who may be depended upon for the faithful Performance of Duty, and Execution of the most important Trusts that Business may require, as none but Men of Property and approved Characters, will be employed.

The Posts for Philadelphia and the South Western Colonies, set out about 8 o'Clock every Monday and Thursday Morning, proceed that Day, thro' the Towns of Newark, Elizabeth Town, Rahway, Woodbridge, Bonum Town, Piscataway, and Brunswick, to Princeton, where they meet and Exchange Mails with the Posts from Philadelphia, who pass thro' Frankfort, Bristol, Trenton, and Maidenhead. These Posts the next Day (Tuesday) return with the Mails to the above Office in New York, and to Mr. Bradford's, at the Coffee House in Philadelphia. From whence other Posts set out for the Westward and Eastward at the usual Times. Those from New-York for the Eastward, set out about 9 o'Clock on Monday, about Noon on Thursday, and return to New-York with the Eastern Mails, on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

The Rates of Postage for the present, are the same that they used to be under the unconstitutional Post Office, and accounts are carefully kept of all the Monies received for Letters, as well as expended on Riders &c. That where Rates and Rules are affixed, and Offices regularly established, throughout the British Colonies, by each Provincial and by the Continental Congress, what shall be done before that Time, may be taken into the Account, and properly adjusted.

The Subscriber having at all Times, acted conscientiously, and to the utmost of his Power, in Support of the English Constitution, and the Rights and Liberties of his Countrymen, the Inhabitants of the British American Colonies, especially as a Printer, regardless of his own Personal Safety or Private Advantage; and having always, both by Speech and Publications from his Press, openly, fully, and plainly denied the Right of the British Parliament to tax, or make Laws to bind Americans, in any Case whatsoever, without their own free Consent; and done his utmost to stimulate his Countrymen, with whom he is determined to stand or fall, to assert and defend their Rights, against the Encroachments and unjust Claims of Great-Britain, and every other Power. And as he has, by this Conduct, incurred the Displeasure of many Men in Power, and been a very great Sufferer,—the greatest he believes, in this Country,—by the Stoppage and Obstruction given to the Circulation of his News-Papers by the Post Office, which has long been an Engine in the Hand of the British Ministry, to promote their Schemes of enslaving the Colonies, and destroying the English Constitution; (the very Institution and Existence of this Office, afforded the Ministry, one of the most plausible Arguments in favour of their pretended Right to tax the Colonies, and was a Precedent of their admission of that Right, and of the exercise of it.) And as the Colonies are, at length roused to defend their Rights, and in particular to wrest the Post Office from the tyrannical Hands which have long held it, and put it on a Constitutional Footing; and many Gentlemen among the most hearty and able Friends to America, in this and the neighbouring Colonies, both in and out of the Continental Congress, having encouraged the Subscriber to hope, that they think him a proper person to hold the Office of Post Master in this Colony, with the Business of which he is well acquainted, and will favour his Application for the same; He humbly requests the Favour, Concurrence and Assistance of the Honorable Convention of Deputies for this Colony, in his Appointment to the said Office, the Duties of which it will be his constant Care to discharge with Faithfulness, and to general Satisfaction, ever grateful for Favours conferred, and desirous to deserve them.

JOHN HOLT.

New-York, the 16th May, 1775.

MILITARY CLUB.

THE officers of the Independent and Ward Companies of Militia of the city of New-York, are requested to meet at the house of Mr. Abraham Van Dyke, on Friday evening next the 2d June, precisely at 7 o'Clock.

T. W. MOORE, President for the night.

New-York, Committee Chamber, 19th May, 1775.

WHEREAS the public service of the Colony may render large supplies of the following articles absolutely necessary, upon sudden emergencies, this Committee doth therefore recommend, to all our fellow citizens, who are possessed of any

Osanburgs,
Ravens duck,
Brown Russia sheeting,
Brown drilling,
Striped and plain blankets,
Not to dispose of them until the Provincial Congress shall determine on the expediency of detaining them for our own use: And it is also recommended, that the owner of said articles make reports of the quantities that they, to the Chairman, Deputy Chairman, or Secretary of this Committee, within six days from this date.

By order of the Committee,

HENRY REMSEN, Deputy Chairman.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given, to all the creditors of John Roberts, an insolvent debtor, confined in the goal of the city of New-York, being one of the persons named in a certain act of the Governor, Council, and General Assembly, intitled, an act for the relief of insolvent debtors: within this colony, with respect to the imprisonment of their persons; that he the said insolvent debtor has presented his petition to the honourable Daniel Horsmanden, and Thomas Jones, Esqrs. two of the Judges of the supreme court of judicature for the province of New-York, which petition, with the account and inventory annexed to it, agreeable to the directions of said act, and filed with the clerk of said court, for the inspection of his creditors,—and the said insolvent debtor, does hereby notify his creditors, that he intends to apply to the said Judges, on Saturday the 1st day of July next, at ten o'Clock in the forenoon, at the chief Justice's chamber, situate in Smith-Street, in said city, for his discharge, agreeable to the directions of said act.

New-York Goal, June 1st, 1775.

914

POETS CORNER.

PROCK passes country! weak and overpowered,
By thy own sons, eat to the bone—devoured
By vipers, which in thine own entrails breed,
Prey on thy life, and with thy blood are fed.
With unavailing grief thy wrongs I see,
And for myself not feeling, feel for thee.
I grieve but can't despair—for lo! as hand
Freedom presents a choice but faithful band
Of loyal patriots, men who greatly dare
In such a noble cause; men fit to bear
The weight of empire; fortune, rank and sense,
Virtue and knowledge, leagu'd with eloquence,
March in their ranks, freedom from file to file,
Darts her delighted eye, and with a smile
Approves her honest son, while down her cheek
As 'twere by Death (her heart too full to speak)
One tear, in silence creeps, a generous tear,
And seems to say, why is not I—here?
O ye brave few, in whom we still may find
A love of virtue freedom and mankind;
Go forth—in majesty of truth array'd,
See at your feet your country kneels for aid,
And (many of her children traitors grown)
Kneels to those foes, the still can call her own,
Seeming to breathe her last in every breath—
The knells for freedom, or the bells for death.
Fly then, each dutiful son, each patriot chief,
And to your drooping parent bring relief.
Stand forth, nor let the tyrant voice of ease,
Tempt ye to sleep, while tempests swell the seas;
Stand forth, nor let hypocrisy, whose tongue
With many a fair false smile art is hung,
Like Bethel's fawning prophet, cross your way,
When your great errand beckons of no delay;
Nor let vain fear, who cries to all the meek,
Trembling and pale—a lion in the streets—
Damp your free spirits; let not threats affright,
Nor bribes corrupt, nor flattery delight.
Be as one man—concord fuses enmity—
There's not an honest heart but what is your's.
Stand forth, and virtue ever in your light,
Shall be your guide by day, your guard by night—
Stand forth, the champions of your native land,
And may the battle prosper in your hand—
It may, it must—Ye cannot be withstood—
Be your hearts ready, as your cause is good.

JOHN COPP, A.M.

INTEENDS opening a School at his House
in Princess Street, commonly called Car-
mian Street, nearly opposite Alderman Gar-
tier's, on Monday the 15th instant, in which
the GREEK and LATIN Languages will
be carefully taught, so as to fit Youths for
any American College.

READING, WRITING, ARITHMETIC,
and the PRINCIPLES of ENGLISH GRAM-
MAR, will also be taught in the said School.
—Those who choose to favour him with
their Children, may be assured that no Pains
on his Part will be spared for the Advan-
tage of his Pupils.—Several Scholars are
already engaged, and as he does not propo-
se to take a larger Number than he can con-
veniently attend to, he hopes that those who
please to encourage him, will apply as soon
as possible.

89 91 New York, May 11, 1775.

WOODWARD and KIP,

ARE removed to the house lately oc-
cupied by Mr. Samuel Make, in
Queen Street.—Where they have for
sale, Linens, Calicoes, Broad Cloths, &c.
&c.

JOHN HAYDOCK, TAYLOR.

At his Store, opposite the Fly Market, informs his
friends and the public, that he has for sale the
following goods, all which he will sell on reason-
able terms.

Superfine broad cloths,	Superfine stock pieces,
Middling do. do.	Velvets,
Superfine calicoes,	Jordroys,
Sagathoes do.	ilk hose,
Rattinets and shalloons,	Worked do. do.
Spotted velvets,	Lined silk patterns,
Plain do. do.	Silk stripes,
Superfine thickets,	Juttons,
Superfine black, princely	sewing silks,
stuff,	leaf twills,
Dutch cord semity,	Threads and buckram,
Jeans and fustians do.	Paper &c. &c.
White drilling do.	

To be SOLD,

A PAIR of elegant Chariot, or Phaeton
HORSES, upwards of 23 Hands high,
6 Years old, full blooded.—A complete Saddle
HORSE, also full blooded; and a new Phaeton,
and half worn Chariot. For further Particulars,
apply to the Printer.

The fifth Year of this Advertisement in this Coun-
try concerning

WATCHES.

JOHN SIMNET, (one of the)
first who brought this curious and useful manufacture
to perfection, continues to repair and clean old watch-
es, much cheaper and better than is usual—and
sells excellent new Watches, in gold, silver, metal
&c. which will require no expense, cleaning, or
repairing, except abused—and best glasses at 1/6.
Removed next door to the white corner
house, New-York, opposite to the Coffee-
House, and lower corner of the bridge, a dial
plate over the window.

FRENCH BOARDING SCHOOL

WHERE also are taught the useful and orna-
mental Sciences of Geography, ancient and
modern History, Logic &c. kept near Kingsbridge,
within fifteen miles of New-York, by the Rev. J. P.
TAYLOR, late Minister of the Reformed French
Church, in said City, who undertakes likewise to
fit Pupils for College or any University.

NEW RICE, JUST IMPORTED IN the schooner Charles-Town and Sa- vannah Packet, and to be sold by DANIEL PHOENIX, Also, a few barrels of choice Copper Indigo.

Solomon M. Myers,
At Burlington, in the house lately occupied by
Mr. Isaac Adolphus, deceased, has for sale,
BEST FLOUR OF MUSTARD,

GROUND ginger, short pipes by the box or
groce,
Jamaica spirits, Earthen ware by the crate,
West India and New- York rum, Rice, coffee and choco-
late,
New-York and French late,
brandy, Cotton, pepper and al-
Lisbon, Teneriffe and spice,
Fayal wine, Loaf, lump and Musco-
vado sugar,
Gin by the cask, or gal- Molasses,
lon, Flax and feathers,
French and Carolina in- Flax and feathers,
digo.

A large assortment of toys, cheap by wholesale
and sundry dry goods.

HENRY REMSEN,

At his Store in Hanover Square, Has for SALE, of
last Year's Importation,

4d. 10d. 20d. and 22d. nails, Black and coloured Chi- na taffies, Osnaburgh, Raven's duck, New-York and French cotton checks, Brown and white Russia drillings, Indianankees, and Han- ken thread and silk, Ell wide brown Russia drillings, An assortment of furni- ture cotton and chintz, Furniture and other cal- icoes, Superfine and common India chintz, A few light ground Eng- lish do. A good assortment of cambricks and lawns and packet do. Black and colour'd Bar- celona handkerchiefs and cravats, Sartlets and narrow per- fians, Yard wide white mode, Rich plain black taffia, Flower'd do. Figured and plain rib- bons, Black Love do. Ferting, quality and Shoe-binding, Linen and cotton hand- kerchiefs, Women's leather gloves and mitts, Men's elastic lamb do. Cotton denim and can- toes, Silvered and mistnot, Hatched crapes, Crimson moreen, Tammies, durants, Broad superfine black calamanco, Superfine broad and nar- row bombazeen, Trill linen, double fle- ce, Pistol lawn, silk fringe, Black gimps, single dou- ble and three bodied clouting diapers and table cloths, Broad brown cambricks, Dorsetteens, Variety of shalloons, Rattinets, Blue flower'd russel, Women's cotton and worked stockings, Men's black do. Black worked mitts,	Children's cotton Wal- coat, Turkey stripes, striped cambric, Women's coloured and black fans, Ivory and horn combs, Dutch lace, White and black do. Shirt and vest buttons, Painbores, needles, A variety of stuff boxes, Temple spectacles, Black beads and neckla- ces, A large assortment of shoe and knee buckles, Knives and forks, Pen knives, Scissors, Braid and Reels thimbles A few pieces strip'd and plain muslins, Light, cloth blue, mist, &c. sewing silk, Scotts, Flemish and co- lour'd threads, Cotton counterpane, and Marcelline bed quills, Scarf twist, Silken hair, campaign and death heads buttons, An assortment of sleeve buttons, Mark metal, gilt, phila- gore, pistons and horn, coat and vest buttons, Felt hats by the dozen or cake, Swan, white cap and duck shirt, Brown buckram, Garter- ing, Red bunnies, cotton lace, Men's cotton and worked cotton, Broad and narrow tapes, Worked Fluffs, & buck- aback, Black, dove and olive co- loured velvets, Printed do. Blank books, dutch quills, Wilton German serge, Forest cloth, fearnoughts Scarlet, blue, black, mist and brown broad cloths Scarlet and claret bath coatings, Best swanskin blankets, Wool cards and cotton do. ALSO, Beef and Pork in barrels and Salt petre Hams packed in chaff for shipping,
--	--

All persons indebted to the late Co partner-
ship of Henry Remsen and Co. are requested to pay
the same, without delay to prevent trouble to Hen-
ry Remsen, who will take For and Pearl Affair in
pay, or give ready Money for that article.

A PERSON well recom-
mended and qualified to teach the English
tongue grammatically, and writing and arithmetic;
—may hear of good employ on Long Island,
within two miles of this city, by applying to the
Printer.

GILBERT FORBES, GUN-MAKER.

At the Sign of the Sportsman, in the Broadway,
opposite Hall's Tavern, in New York.
MAKES and sells all Sorts of
GUNS, in the neatest and best Manner,
on the lowest Terms. Has also for Sale, Silver
and Brass Mounted PISTOLS.
LIKEWISE, (89 91)
Thirty Rifled BARREL GUNS.

LOST

AMONG many other things at the dreadful
fire last Monday, a plain Silver WATCH,
maker's name White Matlock, in New-York, No.
23, or 25. Any person that has found it, and
will please to bring it to the subscriber, will greatly
oblige an unhappy and distressed sufferer.

GEORGE FISHER.

LAST Saturday night the 23rd instant, ran away
from the subscriber, an intended servant, late-
ly from Ireland, named James M'Kue, a short thick
fellow, about twenty seven years old, of a fair com-
plexion, blue eyes, brown hair, bald on the head;
had on when he went away, a blue coat, white shirt,
white linen vest, blue Manchester breeches, blue
milled stockings, and calf skin shoes, is supposed
to have gone towards New-York, where he last
was from—Whoever will take and secure said fel-
low, so that his master may have him again, shall
receive five dollars reward and all reasonable charges
paid by
THOMAS SEYMOUR.
Marford, May 11, 1775.

STOLEN,

On Saturday night, the 26th instant, from the subscriber,
living in Seafoale, West Chester County,
A Strawberry, or roan coloured Horse, 4 years
old, about 24 hands high, a bald face, mid-
dling high carriage, trot and canter, paces but
little, and when rode any considerable distance, has
a custom of tossing his head.
Whoever takes up the said thief, so that he
may be brought to justice, and the Horse, so that
his owner may get him again, shall receive Ten
Dollars, and all reasonable charges, paid by
JOHN BARKER.
May 9, 1775.

New-York Golden-Hill, 18th May, 1775.
RUN AWAY from the subscriber, a servant
lad, named WILLIAM PHILLIPS, a Cord-
wainer by trade, he is about 5 feet 4, or 5 inches
high, of a fair and fresh complexion, and has short
straight hair, of a lightish colour. He had on when
he went away, a blue cloth coat, and took with
him, a claret coloured coat, and a green double
breasted waistcoat; a pair of nankeen breeches,
also a pair of blue large ditto, two new check
shirts, and one white ditto; it is supposed that he
is gone towards New England. All persons, or
masters of vessels, are forewarned not to harbour,
or carry the said servant off, at their peril. Who-
ever takes up and secures the said servant in any
of his Majesty's gaols, so that his master may have
him again, shall have Five Dollars reward, and all
reasonable charges paid by me
JOHN KING.

CITY OF NEW-YORK, I DANIEL HORMANDEN,
New York, Esq. Chief Justice of the
Supreme Court of the Colony of New-York, pur-
suant to an Act of the Lieutenant Governor, the
Council, and the General Assembly of the Colony
of New-York, entitled, An Act for relief against
absent Debtors, do hereby order Notice to be given
in all the Public News-Papers, Printed in the City
of New-York, that on application to me made, by
Johann Hunt of Mamaroneck, in the County of
Westchester, and Province of New-York, Yeoman,
a Creditor of Henry Fowler of North-Castle in the
said County of Westchester, and Province of New-
York, late Merchant:—And proof of the Conceal-
ment of the said Henry Fowler, within the Colony
of New-York, by two witnesses, I have directed all
the Estate, Real and Personal, of the said Henry
Fowler within this Colony, to be seized; and that
unless he do return and discharge his Debts, within
three Months after such Public Notice given, all
his Estate, Real and Personal, will be sold for the
payment and satisfaction of all his Creditors.
Given under my Hand, this Sixteenth Day of
May, in the Year of our Lord, One Thousand
Seven Hundred and Seventy Five.
D. HORMANDEN.

HENRY O'BRIAN,

Stay Maker from DUBLIN,
MOST gratefully acknowledges the favours he
has received of his kind customers, and with
the utmost gratitude returns them and the public in
general, many thanks for their encouragement,
which he hopes he shall continue to merit, by a
close and constant attendance to his business, with
an obliging readiness to serve all who may please
to favour him with their commands. He hath all
kinds of Stays ready made in the neatest and newest
fashion, which he will sell on the most reasonable
terms for cash or short credit, where Ladies may
be also supplied with all kinds of French and
Mecklenburgh waistcoats, Riding ditto, &c. in the
newest fashions and on the shortest notice by the
Public's humble servant, at the sign of the Stays,
in Broad Street, near the City-Hall.

CORNELIUS HARING,

PRESENTS his most respectful compliments to
the Public, and informs them that on Monday
last the 1st of May, he opened the NEW ESTA-
BLISHED FERRY, from the remarkable pleasant
and convenient situated place, of William Bayard,
Esq. at Hobuck:—from which place all Gentle-
men Travellers and others, who have occasion to
cross that ferry, will be accommodated with the best
of boats, of every kind, suitable to the winds,
weather and tides,—to convey them from thence to
New-York, near the new Corporation Pier, at the
North River, opposite to the Veeley-Street, at which
place a suitable house will be kept for the reception
of travellers passing to and from his house, and
boats be kept in good order by Mr. Talsman.

Said HARING takes this public method to in-
form all Gentleman travellers and others, that he
has a most elegant and convenient house, suitable
for the purpose, where they will be provided with
lodging, eatables, and liquors of the best of every
kind; and particular attention will be given to the
clearing and feeding, and doing strict justice to
all travellers horses. The elegance of the situation,
as well as its affording many amusements, such as
fishing and fowling, added to these, its being
stocked with the greatest variety of the best English
fruits, will make it an agreeable place for the en-
tertainment of large companies; having besides a
number of convenient rooms, one of fifty feet in
length, by which means, (as he will have the best
Cook, particularly for the dressing of Turtle, and
every other dish fit to set before either Gentlemen
or Ladies) he hopes to be honoured with their com-
pany; assuring them, there shall be nothing want-
ing on his part, to make it convenient and agree-
able, as well to invite him to the honour of their
countenance and custom.

He has one of the best Wharfs for landing horses
and carriages, at all times of the tide; and he may
say, the complete Cause-way in this country, be-
tween the Island he lives on and the main.
The boats are to be distinguished by the
name of the Hobuck Ferry, painted on the Stern.

LOST or STOLEN, SOME time since, a SILVER HILTED SWORD with Abraham Livingston's name cut on the blade. Any person that will return it to the Printer, shall receive Twenty Shillings reward. 89 91

On the 21st Day of May next, THOMAS LYNCH

REMOVES from the house he now lives in, to
that formerly occupied by Mr. Myles Sher-
brook, in Duke Street, (which was known by the
Name of Bayard-Street,) being next door to John
Livingston Esq. office, and Mr. Baltus Van Klee;
where he has for sale, the following articles, which
he will dispose of on the most reasonable terms;
Choice Mulcovoado Sugar, Lawns
Exceeding good London Cambricks
Madeira Wine
Shoan's bottled Porter
Irish Linens, yard wide,
from 2/3 to 4/6 per yd.
3-4 Stripes
Very large black Silk
Handkerchiefs

THE subscriber having purchased the genteel
commodious, large and garden coach house,
stable, &c. in the out-ward of this city, heretofore
known by the name of Van Hall, but changed,
with great propriety, to that of
Mount Pleasant,

From its lively, healthy and agreeable situation
on the banks of the North River; commanding
a full prospect of the shipping as low as the Nar-
rows, and a view for many miles up the river; with
a very pleasing and extensive prospect of the Jersey,
Staten Island, &c. I extremely highly from its
salubrity and dryness of soil, with the most accept-
able sea-breeze in the heat of summer; it is very
near the College, and Hospital now erecting, and
is contiguous to the city, that a moderate walker
may, in fifteen or twenty minutes, be in any part
thereof. Upon the whole, no place can be better
calculated for the reception and general accommo-
dation of single Gentlemen, or Gentlemen with their
families, from the West Indies, Carolina, &c. and
such as are travelling from distant parts, either on
business or pleasure; with board and lodging, and
every other necessary, which will be served in the
most friendly and satisfactory manner, by
The Public's very humble Servant,
ERASMUS WILLIAMS.

N. B. All sorts of vegetables, and garden truck, to
be had fresh gathered, as wanted at farm place at any
time, at the season of the year produces. Also, a piece
of garden ground, in eastern end, and improved of about
100 feet square, to be let for a garden for 3 or 5 years
on reasonable terms, or the above to be let on building,
from 20 to 30 years to come, or in bits of 25 feet by 15
feet front and rear.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE NEW STAGE COACHES,

THAT constantly ply between New
York and Philadelphia, the one sets
out from Powles Hook ferry, opposite New-
York, and the other from Mr. Little's, in
Fourth Street, between Market and Chestnut
streets, at the sign of the Indian Queen, in
Philadelphia, every Tuesday and Friday
morning, at or before sunrise; and meet at
Princeton the same nights, where they ex-
change passengers, and return the next day
to Powles Hook ferry, and Philadelphia;
so as to perform the journey in two days
from New York to Philadelphia. The
price for each passenger in the coach, thirty
shillings, and out passengers twenty shillings,
proc. each passenger allowed to take 14 lb.
baggage, and above that, to pay two pence
per pound.

THE FLYING MACHINE

STILL continues, and fits out every
Monday and Thursday mornings, from
Powles Hook ferry opposite New York, and
from the sign of the Cross keys in Phila-
delphia, at the corner of Third and Chest-
nut Streets, and meet at Princeton the same
nights, exchange passengers, and return the
next day to Powles Hook ferry, and Phila-
delphia, so as to perform the journey in two
days. The price for each passenger twenty
one shillings, and goods as usual, only each
passenger allowed 14 lb. The passengers
are desired to cross over the ferry to Powles
Hook the evening before, as the stages set off
early.

It is hoped that this very expensive under-
taking will meet with encouragement from
all Ladies and Gentlemen, as they may
depend upon punctual performance, by the
public's most obliged servant,
JOHN MERCEREAU.

Richmond County Gaol, May 11, 1775.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given, to all the credi-
tors of Isaac Wood, an insolvent debtor, con-
fined in the gaol of Richmond county, on Staten
Island, being one of the persons named in a certain
act of the Governor, Council, and General Assem-
bly, entitled "an act for the relief of insolvent
debtors within this colony, with respect to the im-
prisonment of their persons;" that he the said insol-
vent debtor has presented his petition to the hon-
ourable Daniel Hoffmanden, and Thomas Jorri,
Esquires, two of the Judges of the Supreme Court
of Judicature for the province of New-York, which
petition, together with his accounts and inven-
tries annexed to the same, are agreeable to the di-
rections of the said act, filed with the clerk of said
Court, for the inspection of the creditors aforesaid,
and the said insolvent debtor do hereby notify his
said creditors, that he intends to apply to the said
Judges on Thursday the 8th day of June next, at
two o'clock in the afternoon, at the chamber of
Daniel Hoffmanden, for his discharge, agreeable
to the directions of the said act.